SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 02-01-2018 **Revision Date** 01-01-2024 **Version** 5

1. Identification

Product identifier
Product Name: OPTIMIZER™
Other means of identification
Common Name: 1650
UN/ID No UN1950
Synonyms None
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended Use Restricted to professional users
Restrictions on use Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address
MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC.
12306 Montague Street
Pacoima, CA 91331

Emergency telephone number
Company Phone Number MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. (818) 794-3500
Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Flammable aerosols	Category 1

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Not applicable

Label elements
Danger

Hazard statements
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Suspected of causing cancer
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Extremely flammable aerosol
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Appearance	Clear Foam	**Physical state**	Aerosol Compressed liquefied gas	**Odor**	Moth ball, Solvent Odor

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Precautionary Statements - Response
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Specific treatment (see response statements below and Section 4 of the Safety Data Sheet)
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade secret
Solvent Naphtha	64742-94-5	20-30	*
Dodecylbenzene Sulfonic Acids	27176-87-0	10-20	*
Propane/Isobutane/N-Butane	68476-86-8	10-20	*
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	10-20	*
Petroleum Oil	64742-62-7	1-10	*
Morpholine	110-91-8	1-10	*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-5	*

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a physician immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Headache. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Nausea. Vomiting. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. Eye irritation. Causes skin and eye burns.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray or fog. Dry chemical or CO2.

Small Fire Dry chemical or CO2.

Large Fire Water spray or fog. Alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. Keep product and emptycontainer away from heat and sources of ignition. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may cause flash fire orexplosion. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Thermal decompositioncan lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Aldehydes, Ketones, Organic acids, Smoke, Toxic gases and fumes; Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Specific methods:

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Highly flammable liquid and vapor. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH(approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training.Evacuate surrounding areas. Material may burn with invisible flame. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Do not usea solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Use fine water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on point ofmaterial release from container. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Pay attention to flashback. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. SPILL MAY CAUSE FIRE OR LIBERATE DANGEROUS GAS. Remove all sources of ignition. Pay attention to flashback. Ventilate the area.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Contain and collect spillage withnon-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite)and place in container for disposal according to state, local, federal regulations. Usenon-sparking tools.

Methods for cleaning up Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Clean-up methods - smallspillage: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand,earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according tostate, local, federal regulations. Large spills present a vapor explosion and liquid firehazard; evacuate area and ensure response by personnel trained and equipped to respondto flammable material incident or off-site emergency responders or fire department.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Contents under pressure. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from physical damage. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep away from any incompatible materials (See Section 10). Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not stick pin or any other sharp object into opening on top of can.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eye wash and safety showershould be easily accessible.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Solvent Naphtha 64742-94-5	-	Not established	-
Dodecylbenzene Sulfonic Acids 27176-87-0	-	Not established	-
Propane/Isobutane/N-Butane 68476-86-8	-	Not established	-
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m^3 TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 120 mg/m^3	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m^3
Petroleum Oil 64742-62-7	Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible	Not established	-
Morpholine 110-91-8	TWA: 20 ppm S*	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 70 mg/m^3	IDLH: 1400 ppm TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 70 mg/m^3 STEL: 30 ppm STEL: 105 mg/m^3
Naphthalene 91-20-3	TWA: 10 ppm S*	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 50 mg/m^3	IDLH: 250 ppm TWA: 10 ppm

			TWA: 50 mg/m³ STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 75 mg/m³

Chemical name	ACGIH
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	200 mg/g creatinine - urine (Butoxyacetic acid with hydrolysis) - end of shift
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	- (1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with hydrolysis) - end of shift 2.5 µg/L - urine (1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis) - end of shift at end of workweek - urine (3-Hydroxybenzo(a)pyrene with hydrolysis) - end of shift at end of workweek

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Mechanical ventilation required if used indoors on a continuous basis. Eye wash and safety shower should be easily accessible.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side shields are recommended for medical or industrial exposures.

Skin and body protection Wear normal work clothing. Chemical resistant gloves, Recommended Use: Butyl rubber, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate (EVAL). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include:Natural rubber, Nitrile, Neoprene, Vinyl. Wear impervious protective clothing, includingboots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact: (consultwith the specific manufacturer to confirm performance).

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations. A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Aerosol Compressed liquefied gas
Appearance	Clear Foam
Color	Amber; Brown
Odor	Moth ball, Solvent Odor
Odor threshold	No information available

Property	**Values**	**Remarks • Method**
pH	9.16	None known
Melting point/freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	-104 °C / -156 °F	(Propellant)
Evaporation rate	Faster than n-Butyl Acetate	(Based on liquid components)
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limits in Air		(Based on liquid components)
Upper flammability limit	No data available	
Lower flammability limit	No data available	

Vapor pressure	206-275	Vapor Pressure @20°C (kPa)
Vapor density	No data available	Heavier than air
Relative density	0.92	Of liquid
Water solubility	No data available Partially soluble	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature		None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

Explosive properties	Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances. Vapors may form explosive mixture withair.
Oxidizing properties	No information available
Softening point	No information available
Molecular weight	No information available
VOC Content (%)	54.99
Density	0.92 g/cc
Bulk density	No information available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Stable at normal conditions.

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid Do not expose to temperatures above 120 °C. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Oxidizing agent. Alkali.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons. Aldehydes. Ketones and their derivatives. Organic acids. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information Harmful in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes severe eyeirritation. May cause genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal ifswallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Causes severe eye irritation.

Skin contact Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 864.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 1,117.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 5.00 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 21.00 mg/l

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent Naphtha - 64742-94-5	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg (Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Dodecylbenzene Sulfonic Acids - 27176-87-0	= 1260 mg/kg (Rat) = 437 mg/kg (Rat) = 775 mg/kg (Rat)	631 - 1000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Propane/Isobutane/N-Butane - 68476-86-8	-	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 435 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Petroleum Oil - 64742-62-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 2.18 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Morpholine - 110-91-8	= 1050 mg/kg (Rat)	310 - 810 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 8000 ppm (Rat) 8 h
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	= 1110 mg/kg (Rat) = 490 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1120 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 20 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 340 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin Sensitization: Not expected. Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Category 3: Not Classifiable.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	A3	Group 3	-	-
Morpholine - 110-91-8	-	Group 3	-	-
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	A3	Group 2A Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	-

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Reproductive toxicity 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS#111-76-2): Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Target organ effects Liver, Kidney, Blood, Central nervous system, Reproductive system.
Subchronic toxicity No information available.

Neurological effects Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other adverse effects No information available.

Interactive effects No information available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life. 19.99 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Solvent Naphtha - 64742-94-5	2.5: 72 h Skeletonema costatum mg/L EC50	1740: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 19: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 2.34: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 41: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 45: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	-	0.95: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Dodecylbenzene Sulfonic Acids - 27176-87-0	29: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	3.5 - 10: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 static 10.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 3: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static	-	2.9: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 5.88: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	-	1490: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 2950: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	-	1698 - 1940: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Petroleum Oil - 64742-62-7	-	5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50	-	1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Morpholine - 110-91-8	28: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static	375 - 460: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 350: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 1000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 static	-	100: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	0.4: 72 h Skeletonema costatum mg/L EC50	0.91 - 2.82: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 5.74 - 6.44: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	-	1.09 - 3.4: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 1.96: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Flow through

		1.6: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 1.99: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 31.0265: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static		2.16: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L LC50

Persistence and degradability This product contains components which may be persistent in the environment.

Bioaccumulation Bioaccumulative potential.

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Solvent Naphtha - 64742-94-5	2.9-6.1
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	0.83
Morpholine - 110-91-8	-2.55
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	3.40

Mobility No information available.
Other adverse effects No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

14. Transport information

Note: Limited quantity (LQ) <1 Liter

DOT

UN/ID No UN1950
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosol, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es) 2.1
Emergency Response Guide Number 126

IATA

UN number or ID number UN1950
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosol, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es) 2.1
Packing group N/A

IMDG

UN number or ID number UN1950
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es) 2
Packing Group: N/A

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
China inventory of existing chemical substances list:	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
Korea:	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
Australia (AICS):	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
2-Butoxyethanol	1.0 % de minimis concentration
Naphthalene	0.1 % de minimis concentration 0.1 % Supplier notification limit

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Dodecylbenzene Sulfonic Acids - 27176-87-0	1000 lb	-	RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	100 lb 1 lb	-	RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb final RQ RQ 0.454 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

Chemical name	CAS No	California Proposition 65
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Carcinogen

Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	Developmental
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	Developmental Male Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations
This product does not contain any substances regulated under applicable state right-to-know regulations

U.S. EPA Label Information
EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. Other information

NFPA	**Health hazards** 2	**Flammability** -	**Instability** 0	**Special hazards** -
HMIS	**Health hazards** 2*	**Flammability** 4	**Physical hazards** 1	**Personal protection** B

Chronic Hazard Star Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard*

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet
Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine’s PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

Revision Date 01-01-2024
Revision Note This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 10, 15.
Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US SDS version information - AGHS
UL release date: 2 August 2021
GHS Revision 3

Chemical name	California Proposition 65
Naphthalene	Carcinogen
Ethylene glycol	Developmental
2-Methoxyethanol	Developmental Male Reproductive