Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Perfect-It ™ 3000 Trizact™ Spot Finishing Material PN 6070 , 6071, 6056, 39020

Product Identification Numbers
60-4400-9663-8, 60-4400-9935-0, 60-9801-0915-5, 60-9801-0919-7, 60-9801-0940-3

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Automotive, Removal of Imperfections From Painted Surface

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Automotive Aftermarket
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification
Flammable Liquid: Category 4.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning

Symbols
Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Combustible liquid.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements
General:
Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Avoid breathing vapors.
Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

14% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	50 - 70 Trade Secret *
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	10 20 Trade Secret *
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-47-8	5 15 Trade Secret *
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	< 7 Trade Secret *
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	64742-48-9	3 7 Trade Secret *
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	540-97-6	< 5 Trade Secret *
GLYCERIN	56-81-5	1 5 Trade Secret *
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64741-88-4	0.5 1 Trade Secret *
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	64741-89-5	0 0.5 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for

information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	1344-28-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	AIHA	TWA:10 ppm	
GLYCERIN	56-81-5	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64741-88-4	OSHA	TWA:2000 mg/m3(500 ppm)	
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	64741-88-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	64741-88-4	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	
Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-88-4	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	A2: Suspected human carcin., Cntrl all exposr-low as possib
Paraffin oil	64741-89-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	64741-89-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin

Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-89-5	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	A2: Suspected human carcin., Cntrl all exposr-low as possib
Naphtha	64742-47-8	OSHA	TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	64742-48-9	Manufacturer determined	TWA:100 ppm	
Naphtha	64742-48-9	OSHA	TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Emulsion
Odor, Color, Grade:	Petroleum distillate odor, grey viscous liquid
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	7.5 - 8.5
Melting point	*No Data Available*
Boiling Point	375 ºF
Flash Point	171 ºF [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No Data Available*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No Data Available*
Vapor Pressure	*No Data Available*
Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	0.958 g/ml
Specific Gravity	0.958 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Viscosity	12,000 - 16,000 centipoise [*Test Method:*Brookfield]
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0.0004 lb HAPS/lb solids [*Test Method:*Calculated]
Molecular weight	*No Data Available*
Volatile Organic Compounds	<= 15 % weight [*Test Method:*calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile Organic Compounds	135 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	80 % weight
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	366 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials
None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-88-4	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-88-4	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-89-5	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated)	64741-89-5	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminum Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l

	(4 hours)		
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation-Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 8.7 mg/l
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 24,134 mg/kg
GLYCERIN	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 50,000 mg/kg
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 4 mg/l
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Rabbit	Mild irritant
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	Irritant
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
GLYCERIN	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Rabbit	Mild irritant
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
GLYCERIN	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Guinea pig	Not classified
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Mouse	Not classified
GLYCERIN	Guinea pig	Not classified
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Guinea pig	Not classified
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminum Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	In vivo	Not mutagenic
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for reproduction and/or development	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Notavailable	
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | blood | liver | muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	hematopoietic system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600	28 days

					mg/kg/day	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system | respiratory system | liver | eyes | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	liver | immune system | respiratory system | heart | hematopoietic system | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
GLYCERIN	Inhalation	respiratory system | heart | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
GLYCERIN	Ingestion	endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	endocrine system | liver | respiratory system | nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.21 mg/l	28 days
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Dermal	hematopoietic system | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	3 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Aspiration hazard
HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	Aspiration hazard
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Aspiration hazard
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined Light Paraffinic	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty

drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications (effective January 1, 2018):

Physical Hazards
Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	C.A.S. No	% by Wt
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	Trade Secret 10 20
Aluminum Oxide (ALUMINUM OXIDE (FIBROUS FORMS ONLY))	1344-28-1	10 20

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 2 **Flammability:** 2 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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