SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Pre Prep 7

Other means of identification

Product Code DY-PP7 Recommended use Not applicable. Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Address

JohnDow Industries 151 Snyder Ave. Barberton, OH 44203

United States

Telephone Phone 800-433-0708 330-753-6419

800-255-3924

Fax

ChemTel

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Emergency phone number

Flammable liquids

Category 2

Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

SDS US

1/9

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified

Label elements

Not classified.



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or

Precautionary statement

Storage

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Material name: Pre Prep 7 DY-PP7 Version # 01 Issue date 03-22-2019

Supplemental information

3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 45% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 50% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 50% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
IPA		67-63-0	40 - < 50
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether		111-76-2	5 - < 10
Other components below reportable levels			50 < 60

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

General information

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision, Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an

ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the

label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide,

sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
IPA (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	

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US. ACGIH Threshold Limi	it Values			
Components	Тур	e	Val	ue
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TW	4	20	ppm
IPA (CAS 67-63-0)	STE	L	400) ppm
	TW	4	200) ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide				
Components	Тур	e	Val	ue
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TW	A	24	mg/m3
104 (040 07 00 0)			5 p	
IPA (CAS 67-63-0)	STE	:L		25 mg/m3) ppm
	TW	A) mg/m3
) ppm
Biological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Exposur Components	re Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl	200 ma/a	Butoxyacetic	Creatinine in	*
Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	2009/9	acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	urine	
IPA (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, plea	ase see the source doo	cument.		
Exposure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Skin	designation			
Ethylene Glycol Monobu US - Minnesota Haz Subs:		*	absorbed throug	gh the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Monobu	utyl Ether (CAS 111-76	S-2) Skin de	esignation applies	S.
US - Tennessee OELs: Ski	n designation			
Ethylene Glycol Monobu US NIOSH Pocket Guide to			absorbed throug	yh the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Monobu US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits			e absorbed throug	h the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Monobu	utyl Ether (CAS 111-76	6-2) Can be	absorbed throug	th the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	changes per hour) applicable, use pro maintain airborne le	should be used. Ve cess enclosures, lo- evels below recomm	ntilation rates sho cal exhaust ventil nended exposure	tood general ventilation (typically 10 air buld be matched to conditions. If ation, or other engineering controls to limits. If exposure limits have not been evel. Provide eyewash station.
Individual protection measures Eye/face protection	such as personal protective equipment Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Chemical goggles are recommended. Wear eye/face protection. Avoid contact with eyes. Eye wash fountain is recommended.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropriate of	hemical resistant gl	oves.	
Other	Wear appropriate of	hemical resistant cl	othing. Wear eye	face protection.
Respiratory protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear eye/face protection. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.			
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate the	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.			
9. Physical and chemical				
Appearance	Clear. Liquid.			
Physical state	Liquid.			
- injuical state	alquio.			

sos us 4 / 9 Form Liquid.

Color Clear colorless or nearly colorless

 Odor
 Alcohol

 Odor threshold
 Not available.

 pH
 Not available.

 Melting point/freezing point
 Not available.

 Initial boiling point and boiling
 Not available.

range

Flash point 73.4 °F (23.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Highly flammable liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower 2.5 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 25.48 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.
Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available,
Viscosity Not available,

Other information

Density 7.63 lb/gal Explosive properties Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IC estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

VOC 47 % w/w by weight estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

actions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

 Incompatible materials
 Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Isocyanates.

 Hazardous decomposition
 No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion

Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components Species **Test Results**

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbit

400 mg/kg

Oral

LD50

Rat

560 mg/kg

IPA (CAS 67-63-0)

Acute

Oral

LD50

Rat

4.7 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed

through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components **Species Test Results**

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

LC50

Aquatic

Fish

Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)

1250 mg/l, 96 hours

Material name: Pre Prep 7

Components Species **Test Results**

IPA (CAS 67-63-0)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 0.83 **IPA** 0.05

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1993 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains Isopropyl Alcohol)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 203 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1993 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (contains Isopropyl Alcohol)

Transport hazard class(es) Class

3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG** Code

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (CONTAINS ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

Material name: Pre Prep 7 SDS US **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

Transport in bulk according to

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Material name: Pre Prep 7 SDS US 8/9

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

IPA (CAS 67-63-0) Low priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) IPA (CAS 67-63-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-22-2019 Version #

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in this text.

Material name: Pre Prep 7 SDS US 9/9